



GK Energy Limited

(Formerly known as GK Energy Private Limited, GK Energy Marketers Private Limited)

Registered Office: Office No. 1901, Tower A, Gokhale Business Bay, Plot No. A6 A7,

Sr. No. 20/2, Paschimnagri, Kothrud, Pune, Maharashtra- 411038

Corporate Identity Number: L74900PN2008PTC132926

Website: www.gkenergy.in

MATERIALITY POLICY

Version 1.0 approved and adopted in the meeting of Board of Directors held on 21st August, 2025



MATERIALITY POLICY

Introduction

This document has been formulated to define the materiality policy for identification of (1) material litigation involving GK Energy Limited (the “**Company**”), its Directors, its Promoters and its Subsidiary (the “**Relevant Parties**”); (2) litigation involving the Key Managerial Personnel and members of the Senior Management; and (3) the material creditors of the Company; and (4) group companies of the Company (together, the “**Policy**”), each in terms of the disclosure requirements under Schedule VI of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended (the “**SEBI ICDR Regulations**”).

This Policy shall be effective from the date of its approval by the board of directors of the Company (the “**Board**”) or a duly constituted committee thereof. This Policy was approved by the Board at their meeting held on 21st August, 2025.

In this Policy, the term “**Offer Documents**” shall mean the draft red herring prospectus (“**DRHP**”), the red herring prospectus, and the prospectus, including any addendum or corrigendum thereto to be filed and/or submitted by the Company in connection with the proposed initial public offering of its equity shares with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (the “**SEBI**”), the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra at Pune or the stock exchanges where the equity shares of the Company are proposed to be listed, as applicable; and the term “**Restated Financial Information**” shall mean the restated financial statements of the Company included in such Offer Documents.

1. Materiality policy for litigation

Requirement

In terms of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the Company is required to disclose the following pending litigation, each involving the Relevant Parties:

- (a) All outstanding criminal proceedings (including matters which are at FIR stage even if no cognizance has been taken by any court or any other judicial authority);
- (b) All outstanding actions (including all penalties and show cause notices) by statutory and / or regulatory authorities against the Relevant Parties (including any judicial, quasi-judicial, administrative or enforcement authorities);
- (c) Outstanding taxation proceedings - disclosures regarding claims related to direct and indirect taxes, in a consolidated manner, giving details of the number of cases and total amount involved. However, all tax matters which fall above the materiality threshold shall be disclosed in a detailed manner; and
- (d) Other pending litigation or arbitration proceedings – as per the policy of materiality defined by the Board and disclosed in the Offer Documents.

Note: *In relation to the matters under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, as amended, we propose to include a consolidated disclosure providing details of the total number of Section 138 matters and the aggregate amount involved. However, we propose to review all case papers in relation to the Section 138 matters.*



Additionally, in terms of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the Company is required to disclose: (a) any disciplinary action (including a penalty) imposed by SEBI or any of the stock exchanges against the Promoters in the five financial years preceding the relevant Offer Document, including any outstanding action; and (b) outstanding litigation involving the Group Companies, which may have a 'material impact' on the Company, as applicable.

Note: The Group Companies should provide a full list of their litigation to the Company, and the Company will identify any litigation involving Group Companies which may have a material impact on the Company. Any pending litigation involving the Group Companies, as identified in accordance with provisions of SEBI ICDR Regulations would be considered to have a 'material impact' on the Company for the purpose of disclosure in the Offer Documents, if an adverse outcome from such pending litigation would materially and adversely affect the business, operations, cash flows, performance, prospects, financial position or reputation of the Company.

Policy on materiality

For the purposes of determining litigation / arbitration proceedings referred to in point (d) above, the following criteria shall apply:

A. Any pending litigation / arbitration proceedings (other than litigations mentioned in points 1 (a) to (c) above) involving any of the Relevant Parties shall be considered "material" for the purposes of disclosure in the Offer Documents, if:

- (i) the aggregate monetary claim/ dispute amount/ liability made by or against the Company or the Directors, in any such pending litigation/ arbitration proceeding exceeds the lower of the following:
 - (a) two percent of turnover, as per the latest annual restated consolidated financial statements of the Company; or
 - (b) two percent of net worth, as per the latest annual restated consolidated financial statements of the Company, except in case the arithmetic value of the net worth is negative; or
 - (c) five percent of the average of absolute value of profit or loss after tax, as per the latest restated consolidated financial statements for the last three fiscals of the Company.

Note: For the purpose of clause (c) above, it is clarified that the average of absolute value of profit or loss after tax is to be calculated by disregarding the 'sign' (positive or negative) that denotes such value.

- (ii) any monetary liability is not quantifiable, or does not fulfil the threshold as specified in paragraphs A(i) above, as applicable, but the outcome of which could, nonetheless, directly or indirectly, or together with similar other proceedings, have a material adverse effect on the business, operations, results of operations, prospects, financial position or reputation of the Company.

Further, pre-litigation notices received by the Relevant Parties from third parties (excluding those notices issued by statutory/regulatory/tax/judicial/quasi-judicial/administrative



authorities) shall, unless otherwise decided by the Board, not be considered as material litigation, until such time that a Relevant Party is impleaded as a defendant in any proceedings before any judicial/ arbitral forum.

2. Litigation involving the Key Managerial Personnel and members of the Senior Management

Requirement:

In terms of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the Company shall make the following disclosures in the Offer Documents for outstanding litigation involving Key Managerial Personnel and members of Senior Management of the Company:

All criminal proceedings involving Key Managerial Personnel and the members of the Senior Management of the issuer and also the actions by regulatory authorities and statutory authorities against such key managerial personnel and senior management of the issuer shall also be disclosed.

Policy:

Accordingly, the following shall be disclosed:

- (1) All criminal proceedings involving the Key Managerial Personnel and the members of the Senior Management of the Company;
- (2) All outstanding actions by any regulatory authorities against the Key Managerial Personnel and the members of the Senior Management of the Company; and
- (3) All outstanding actions by any statutory authorities against the Key Managerial Personnel and the members of the Senior Management of the Company.

3. Materiality policy for identification of material creditors

Requirement:

In terms of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the Company shall make the following disclosures in the Offer Documents for outstanding dues to creditors:

- (a) based on the policy on materiality adopted by the Board of Directors and as disclosed in the Offer Documents, details of the Company's creditors, including the consolidated number of creditors and the aggregate amount involved;
- (b) consolidated information on outstanding dues to micro, small and medium enterprises, material creditors and other creditors, separately giving details of number of cases and amount involved; and
- (c) a link to the Company's website wherein complete details pertaining to the outstanding overdues to material creditors along with names and amounts involved for each such material creditor will be hosted.



Policy on materiality:

For the purposes of identification of material creditors, in terms of point (a) above, a creditor of the Company, shall be considered to be material for the purpose of disclosure in the Offer Documents, if amounts due to such creditor is equal to, or in excess of 5% of the total trade payables (as applicable), of the Company as at the end of the latest financial period included in the Restated Financial Information.

4. Materiality Policy for identification of group companies

Requirement:

As per the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the term ‘group companies’, for the purpose of disclosure in the Offer Documents, shall include (i) such companies (other than promoter(s) and subsidiary(ies)) with which the relevant issuer company had related party transactions during the period for which restated financial information is disclosed, as covered under applicable accounting standards; and (ii) any other companies considered material by the board of directors of the relevant issuer company.

Accordingly, for (i) above, all such companies (other than promoter(s) and subsidiary(ies)) with which there were related party transactions in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, during the periods covered in the Restated Financial Information, shall be considered as group companies in terms of the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

Policy on materiality:

For the purposes of identification of group companies, other than the companies categorized under (i) above, a company shall be considered “material” and will be disclosed as a “group company” if such company forms part of the Promoter Group of the Company (as defined under Regulation 2(1)(pp) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations) and with which there were transactions in the most recent financial year, which individually or in the aggregate, exceed 10% of the revenue from operations of the Company, as per the Restated Financial Information for that period.

General

It is clarified that the above-mentioned policies are solely from the perspective of disclosure requirements prescribed under the SEBI ICDR Regulations with respect to the Offer Documents and should not be applied towards any other purpose, including for disclosure of material information by listed entities pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended.

This Policy shall be without prejudice to any disclosure requirements, which may be prescribed by SEBI and/ or such other regulatory or statutory authority with respect to listed companies or disclosure requirements as may be prescribed by SEBI through its observations on the Offer Documents, or disclosures that may arise from any investor or other complaints.

The above-mentioned policies shall be subject to review / changes as may be deemed necessary and in accordance with applicable law from time to time, and the Board or any of its duly authorized committees shall have the power to amend and substitute the provisions of



this Policy or to replace the Policy in its entirety.

All other capitalized terms not specifically defined in this Policy shall have the same meanings ascribed to such terms in the Offer Documents.
